

Data Protection Policy

London Borough of Richmond

June 2025

Introduction

The processing of personal data is essential to many of the services carried out by the Council, and this policy sets out how it complies with the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR), the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA) and other related legislation.

It should be read in conjunction with the supporting policies and other documents listed in Annex A. There is a glossary of terms in Appendix B.

Purpose

This Policy sets out how the Council will comply with data protection legislation: UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR), the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA) and related laws.

Compliance with them reduces the likelihood of a personal data breach and its wider effects, including causing harm/distress to data subjects, reputational damage, scrutiny and enforcement action from the Information Commissioner's Office including enforcement notices, reprimands, substantial financial penalties and prosecution. A data subject can also instigate legal proceedings against the Council.

Since the delivery of many of the Council's services and functions are reliant on the processing of accurate and usable personal data, adherence to the legislation will improve efficiency and effectiveness in the public interest and maintain the trust of all data subjects.

Scope

The Council is registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) as a "Data Controller" (Registration No Z6790883) and this Policy applies to the processing of all personal data including the collection, use and sharing of personal data where the Council is the Data Controller or the Data Processor and when it is a joint Data Controller.

This Policy applies to everyone working for the Council, including agency staff and contractors regardless of who created the data, where it is held or the ownership of the device, system or equipment on which it is held. Mandatory training is provided to staff to assist them in meeting their obligations under this Policy.

This Policy is not applicable to elected members who are Data Controllers in their capacity as a representative for the residents within their ward and are solely responsible for the personal data that they collect, store, use and delete.

Data Protection Principles

The following key principles underpin this policy statement, and the Council will comply with them by putting in place measures to ensure that personal data is:

- processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject (**“lawfulness, fairness and transparency”**)
- collected and created for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes (**“purpose limitation”**)
- adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to those purposes (**“data minimisation”**)
- accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date (**“accuracy”**)
- retained for no longer than is necessary (**“storage limitation”**)
- kept safe from unauthorised access, accidental loss or deliberate destruction (**“integrity and confidentiality”**).

The Council as a data controller is responsible for and must demonstrate compliance with the above-mentioned data protection principles (**“accountability”**).

To maintain these principles the Council will:

Let data subjects know how and for what purpose their personal data is being processed by means of a “Privacy Notice” published on its website, official forms and signposts data subjects if their personal data will be shared and why and with whom when there is a legitimate purpose for doing so

- Only process personal data where there is a lawful basis to do so
- Process a data subject’s personal data fairly
- Only re-use personal data where there is a valid reason or basis for doing so, for example in connection with research and analysis, where the new use has been assessed as being compatible with the original purpose for which the data was provided or where specific consent has been provided.
- Check the quality and accuracy of the information it holds and make it easy for data subjects to do so
- Ensure that information is not held for longer than necessary and that such information is destroyed appropriately and securely
- Have safeguards in place to protect personal information in all formats from loss, theft or unauthorised disclosure

Lawful basis for Processing

The grounds for processing personal data are:

- The data subject has given his or her consent
- It is necessary for the performance of a contract between the Council and the data subject
- It is necessary for the compliance with a legal obligation which the Council is subject
- It is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or another person, to protect or save a data subject's life
- It is necessary for tasks carried out in the public interest or exercising official authority, including the Council's tasks, functions or duties which is laid down by law
- It is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the Council or a third party. This lawful basis is not often relied upon by the Council and guidance from Information Governance should be sought before relying on it

Guidance from the ICO states that: *“There are six available lawful bases for processing. No single basis is ‘better’ or more important than the others – which basis is most appropriate to use will depend on your purpose and relationship with the individual.*

Most lawful bases require that processing is ‘necessary’ for a specific purpose. If you can reasonably achieve the same purpose without the processing, you won’t have a lawful basis.”

In order to fulfil our statutory responsibilities as a Council, in most cases the lawful basis for processing personal data will be because it is necessary to perform a task carried out in the public interest or it is necessary to comply with the legal obligations set out in law. This includes for example: providing an Electoral Service; administering Council Tax; delivering services related to Education and Learning; and the prevention or detection of crime.

The Council will only ask for consent if consent is the only lawful basis for the purpose of the processing of personal information and if it is not doing so under one (or more) of the other five legal basis for processing. For example: residents agreeing to a particular method of communication such as receiving emails about local events. Consent can be withdrawn by the data subject at any time, therefore careful thought should be given before relying on consent.

Special Category Data (formerly known as Sensitive Personal Data)

Where special category personal data is processed the Council will also ensure that one of the additional conditions set out the UK GDPR is met, together with any further requirements set out in other legislation.

Sharing Information

The Council is legally obliged to share certain data with other public bodies, such as central Government Departments, when required to do so. It is also required to safeguard public funds to prevent fraud, and it may share data with other public bodies for this purpose.

The Council has also appointed external agencies, companies or other organisations to carry out services on its behalf, including, for example: Street Cleansing; Highway Maintenance; Recycling and Waste Collection; and payment processing.

Each service provider will be required to demonstrate, via a written contractual agreement, that Council-controlled personal data will be handled in compliance with data protection legislation, and they have put appropriate technical and organisational measures in place. This data sharing is in accordance with our Privacy Notice(s) which can be viewed

at: [https://www.richmond.gov.uk/council/open_richmond/data_protection.](https://www.richmond.gov.uk/council/open_richmond/data_protection)

In the event of an emergency or civil incident personal data may be shared with other organisations to fulfil our statutory duties and protect individuals from harm.

The Council carries out data matching exercises to ensure the safeguarding of public money and to minimise levels of fraud in addition to ensuring it delivers services and assistance to those entitled to receive them. Data matching exercises will only be carried out for specific lawful purposes and will comply with relevant Codes of Practice.

Cabinet Office

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/code-of-data-matching-practice-for-national-fraud-initiative>

[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachm](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/750372/Code_of_Data_Matching_Practice.pdf)
[en](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/750372/Code_of_Data_Matching_Practice.pdf)

[t_data/file/750372/Code_of_Data_Matching_Practice.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/750372/Code_of_Data_Matching_Practice.pdf)

Rights of individual data subjects

The Council will uphold individual data subject rights, including the right to:

- be provided with specified information about the Council's processing of their personal data **(the right to be informed)**
- access their personal data **(the right of access)**
- have their personal data rectified if inaccurate or incomplete **(the right of rectification)**
- have, subject to legal obligations, their personal data deleted or removed **(the right of erasure)**
- in certain circumstances **the right to restrict processing** including where you have identified inaccurate information
- **the right to object** to the processing of your personal information.
- in certain circumstances, to move personal data that the individual has provided to the Council to another organisation **(right of data portability)**
- not be subject to a decision based solely on automated decision making and processing **(rights related to automated decision making, including profiling)**

For further information on the rights of individual data subjects our Individual Rights Policy can be viewed at: [Policy For Dealing With Individual Rights Requests Under UK GDPR](#)

As required by law, the Council has appointed a Data Protection Officer whose role includes ensuring that appropriate policies and processes are in place so that these rights can be exercised according to the provisions of the relevant legislation.

When a data subject exercises one of these rights, the Council will respond without undue delay and within the statutory time limits following proof of identification.

Information Security

The Council has put in place appropriate security measures to prevent unauthorised processing of personal data and against the accidental loss of or damage to personal data from the point of collection to its destruction. These measures are continually updated so that the Council maintains confidentiality, integrity and availability of personal data at all times.

In the event of a personal data breach occurring, this can be reported by means of the following link to the Council's web site where more information can be found with some examples of what might constitute a personal data breach:

https://www.richmond.gov.uk/council/open_richmond/report_a_data_breach_or_a_securityincident

Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIA)

The Council will conduct a DPIA, where there is a high risk to the rights and freedom of individuals in order to assess and mitigate identified risks relating to new systems or a new business process for example.

International Transfers of Data

Generally, the Council will not process your personal data outside of the UK or the EEA. In exceptions where we do, we will ensure equivalent data protection controls are in place.

Complaints

Complaints regarding the processing of personal data should be made to the Data Protection Officer. For example: when personal data has not been handled securely; that information has not been obtained fairly; or that personal data had been retained for longer than was necessary.

Details of the Council's Data Protection Complaints Procedure can be found here: [Data protection complaints procedure - London Borough of Richmond upon Thames](#)

Changes to this Policy

The Information Governance Strategic Board (IGSB) has authorised the Data Protection Officer to review this Policy regularly and, taking into account changes in legislation, amend accordingly. The Board will review the Policy annually.

Feedback on this Policy

If you have any questions or comments about this policy or have suggestions for how it might be improved or if you wish to contact the Council's Data Protection Officer, you can email to:

DPO@richmondandwandsworth.gov.uk

Or write to the Data Protection Officer at Civic Centre, 44 York Street, Twickenham TW1 2BZ.

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Annex A

Links to other policy documents (Internet only)

Subject Access Request

[Make a subject access request \(SAR\) - London Borough of Richmond upon Thames](#)

Request restriction of personal data

[Request restriction of personal data - London Borough of Richmond upon Thames](#)

Request erasure of personal data

https://www.richmond.gov.uk/council/open_richmond/data_protection/request_erasure_of_personal_data

Richmond Privacy Notice

[Privacy and data protection - London Borough of Richmond upon Thames](#)

Departmental Privacy Notices

[Departmental privacy notices - London Borough of Richmond upon Thames](#)

Records Management Policy

https://www.richmond.gov.uk/council/open_richmond/data_protection/records_management

https://www.richmond.gov.uk/media/17326/records_management_policy.pdf

Annex B

Glossary

- *'Personal data'* is any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person, who can be identified directly or indirectly either through their name or another identifier such as an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person

- *'Processing'* refers to any operation performed on personal data, whether or not by electronic or automated means, such as collection, use, storage, recording, organisation, structuring, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.
- *'Data subject'* is the term used to describe any given person when identified in relation to their personal data
- *'Data controller'* is the organisation that determines the purposes for which, and the manner in which, any personal data is processed. They are responsible for establishing practices and policies in line with data protection legislation.
- *'Joint Data Controller'* are the organisation that, acting together with another, decides the purposes and manner in which personal data is processed
- *'Data Protection Officer'* (DPO) assists the Council monitor internal compliance, informs and advises on data protection obligations and acts as a contact point for data subjects and the supervisory authority
- *'Information Governance Strategic Board'* (IGSB) has responsibility for the Information Governance and Security arrangements across the Council and oversight of compliance issues reported to it
- *'Information Governance and Security Forum'* (IGSF) is responsible for *championing the approach to information governance and security throughout the Council, to commission and roll out appropriate training for staff to support their roles. To develop and review all IG and IS policies and procedures.*
- *'Personal data breach'* means a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed
- *'Special category data'* as defined by the UK GDPR is:
 - personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin;
 - personal data revealing political opinions;
 - personal data revealing religious or philosophical beliefs;
 - personal data revealing trade union membership;
 - genetic data;
 - biometric data (where used for identification purposes);

- data concerning health;
 - data concerning a person’s sex life; and
 - data concerning a person’s sexual orientation
- *‘Information Commissioner’s Office’ (ICO)* The ICO is the UK's independent body set up to uphold information rights and the Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (DSIT) is the ICO’s sponsoring department within Government

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If this document is in printed format it may not be the current version. Before subsequent use check the documents version number on the intranet.

Document Control

This document should be reviewed annually by the document owner and a note made to this effect in the table below

Change Control Table

Version	Description	Who By	Release Date
1	Original Policy	IG Manager	February 2020
2	Minor revisions	IG Manager	November 2021
3	Various up-dates	IG Manager	January 2023
4	Various up-dates	IG Manager	June 2025